# STUDENTS WITH MENTAL HEALTH DISORDERS:

FACTS, Behaviors, Modifications, and Accommodations

Presented by: Jennifer Kummer And Viki Wilson



#### About us



#### Jennifer Kummer

- High School English teacher (11 years)
- B.A. Literature from Ramapo College
  - Teacher Education Program
- M.Ed. School Counseling from William Paterson University
- TSD Certificate from William Paterson University
- Has a cat named Luna and likes to hike

#### Viki Wllson

- High School Principal
- Retired Special Services Director
- BA Psychology from Lock Haven University
- MA Educational Psychology from Montclair State University
- MA Educational Leadership
- Certified School Psychologist
- Has a dog named Buster and a special needs cat named Bella

# Part 1: Background Emotional Regulation Impairment

- "Emotional regulation impairment" means a condition exhibiting one or more of the following characteristics over a long period of time and to a marked degree that adversely affects a student's educational performance due to:
  - i. An inability to learn that cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory, or health factors;
  - ii. An inability to build or maintain satisfactory interpersonal relationships with peers and teachers;
  - iii. Inappropriate types of behaviors or feelings under normal circumstances;
  - iv. A general pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression; or
  - v. A tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems.

## A bit of history

- In 2020 there were multiple changes in language to Special Education categories in NJ
- Emotional Disturbance □ Emotional Regulation Impairment
- Increase in classifications and referrals since 2020/Covid

#### Other common IEP classifications

- Other Health Impairment (OHI)
- Specific Learning Disability (SLD)
- Could be secondary to a second diagnosis (i.e. ASD, ADHD, ODD)

#### Question

- How many of you have had students in your classroom with mental health disorders? (Eligible for special education services under the category of ERI or other)
- What are some strategies you use in your classroom to ensure success for these students?

#### Least Restrictive Environment (LRE)



- Residential Treatment
- PHP
- Home Instruction
- Out of District Placement
- In District Full Time Special Education Setting
- In District Gen Ed with pull-out support
- In District Gen Ed with push-in support
- In District Gen Ed 100%

# Part 2 Skills to help you through: FACTS

- Flexibility
- Accessible
- Compassion
- Teamwork
- Situation

# Flexibility

#### Classwork/homework

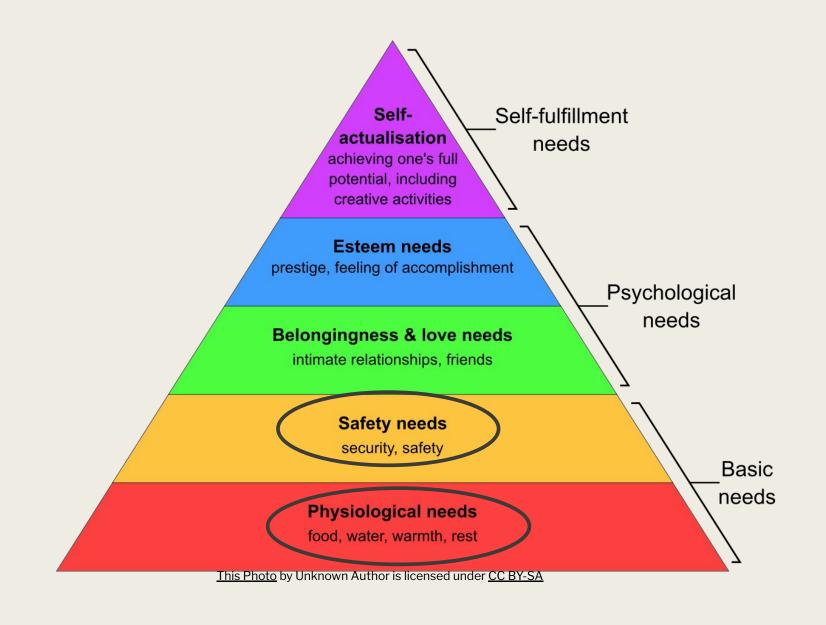
 Many students in this environment have a difficult time coming to school every day (school refusal). Assigning homework every night is not setting realistic goals/expectations, especially for younger grades or students who have not been in a school setting for a long period of time. Assign one homework assignment a week maximum to see results and be flexible with due dates.

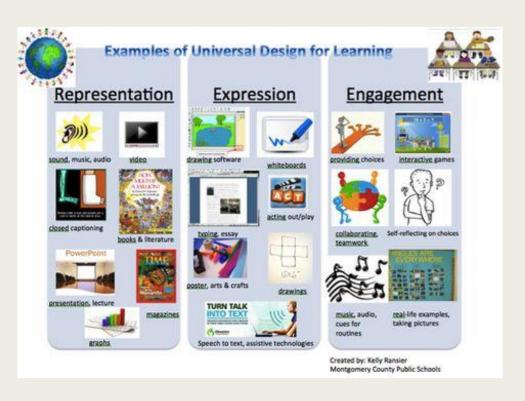
#### Major assignments

 If you make a project due on a Tuesday and see that over 50% of your class is not ready to hand it in yet, be flexible and extend the due date by a day or two.

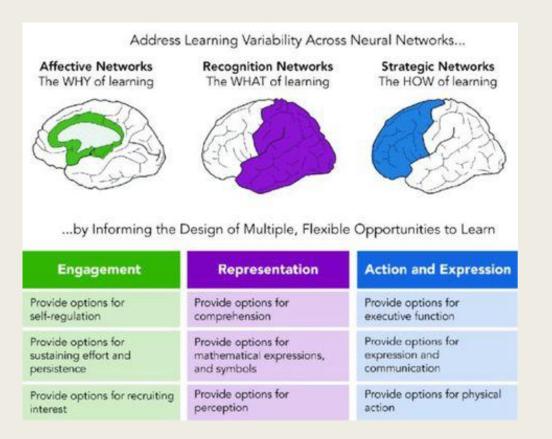
#### Meetings/therapy

 Be flexible in when students are taken for meetings and for therapy sessions, or other required sessions. Keep students responsible for the work they missed.





#### Accessible



- Learning needs to be accessible to all students
- Universal design for learning
- Google classroom or Schoology

#### Compassion

- Many students with ERI have experienced some form of trauma
- It is important to show these students compassion on a day-to-day basis
- Build a positive learning space so students are assured that they can succeed
- Provide positive affirmations for both small and big success
- Reminders:
  - There are many forms of trauma and it can look different for everyone

#### **Teamwork**

- Just like in any school, there are many people who make up the team working to make sure the students are successful
  - Administration
  - Teachers
  - Therapists
  - LDTC
  - CST
  - Parents
- Co-Teaching
  - Team teaching, Parallel teaching, Station teaching, Alternative Teaching,
    One Teach/ One Assist, One Teach/One Observe
  - Helps to mitigate student behaviors

#### Situation

- These students are not all coming from the same situation. They are in a special environment or need assistance because of specific circumstances. These can include but are not limited to:
  - Bullying
  - School avoidance
  - Anxiety/depression
  - Problems at home (including abuse, neglect, or removal from home)
  - Ongoing medical issues
- Trauma informed teaching
- Due to specific situations, students may be physically in the classroom but mentally may not be available for learning every day

#### Activity

- Everyone will receive a worksheet to complete
- On the worksheet there are four timed tasks to complete
- These four tasks may range in difficulty depending on your content area knowledge.
- Do your best on each timed task then we will discuss the tasks as a group.

# Part 3: Behaviors, Modifications, and Accommodations

- Behaviors: stimulus-driven responses that occur specifically within the classroom or how students are acting in the classroom in response to what is going on or present around them
  - can be a response to something in the classroom or outside of school
- Modifications: are changes. These changes can be in the length of the assignment and/or in the complexity.
- Accommodations: alterations in the way tasks are presented that allow children with learning disabilities to complete the same assignments as other students

# Common behaviors of students with mental health disorders

- School/work refusal
- Habitual lateness
- Incomplete assignments
- Easily distracted
- Frequent trips to the bathroom or nurse
- Low frustration tolerance
- Poor social skills
- Invading others' space

- What are some behaviors your have witnessed in your classroom?
- It is important to:
  - Document behaviors of students in the classroom
  - Learn the cause or root of the behavior in order to decrease instances. School counselors, therapists, case managers, and the CST can help with this.

#### Common Accommodations

- Allow verbal rather than written responses
- Provide oral as well as written instructions/directions
- Directions repeated, clarified or reworded
- Additional time to compete classroom tests/quizzes
- Allow use of a computer
- Preferential and Flexible seating
- Provide short breaks when refocusing is needed
- Stress toys
- Provide copy of notes
- Provide graphic organizers/study guides
- Additional time to compete classroom tests/quizzes, as needed
- Use of a calculator
- Provide clear, concise directions and concrete examples of class work and homework
- Allow tests to be given in an alternative environment
- Checklists for organization

#### Modifications

- Essays
  - Change essay length
  - Allow students to complete a flow chart or graphic organizer
- Tests
  - Less choices for multiple choice
  - Less short answer responses
- Projects
  - Projects that meet various learning styles (i.e. writing, music, math, etc.)
- Vocabulary
  - Multiple choice questions instead of create your own sentence
- In class work
  - Shorter assignments, chunking assignments, longer time frame/different due date

#### Modifications (cont.)

- Audio texts or digital texts
- Do not penalize for spelling errors
- Modify homework assignments
  - (modify content, modify amount, as appropriate)
- Break assignments into segments or shorter tasks
- Modify classwork in length or complexity
- Use alternative grade level material

## Activity

- Each group will receive a scenario/student
- Your job is to brainstorm modifications and accommodations that could help that student succeed. There is a sheet of common modifications and accommodations, these are merely suggestions.

- DUAL Eligibility Category: : ERI and SLD
- 16-year-old transgender male
- History of disassociation
- Has difficulty focusing, especially with long tasks, and writing.
- Diagnosis in anxiety, depression, reading comprehension, and math calculation.
- Can become easily frustrated.
- FSIQ: 97
- Strengths: verbal reasoning, creativity, kindness

- Eligibility Category: ERI
- 14-year-old female
- Diagnosis of anxiety, depression, and OCD
- Current history of seizures, unknown cause
- Struggles with attention, panic attacks, and perfectionism
- FSIQ: 119
- Strengths: music, kind, friendly, organized

- Eligibility Category: Autism
- Diagnoses: ASD, Anxiety, Depression, Attention Deficit
- 17-year-old female
- Easily distracted and overwhelmed, with a weakness in visual processing
- Enjoys reading, drawing, and creative writing
- FSIQ 100

- Eligibility: ERI
- Diagnoses: Bipolar disorder, mood disorder, personality disorder, with a history of trauma
- 15-year-old female
- No FSIQ listed in profile
- Academically capable
- Has difficulty regulating emotions, can be impatient, and shows poor judgment
- Enjoys music, fashion, and makeup
- Motivated by being a model for peers